



**FREE TO TAKE HOME!**



COVID vaccination



Medicinal Cannabis



Pet infections



Listeria in pregnancy

**APRIL - MAY 2021 EDITION**

● **AFTER HOURS & EMERGENCY**

In case of a medical emergency call '000' and ask for an ambulance immediately.

For all other After hours medical enquiries, after Stawell Medical Centre has closed, on weekends or public holidays, please call **5358 1410** and your call will put through to our after hours service for advice.

● **PRACTICE DOCTORS**

- Dr Andrew Cunningham** MBBS
- Dr Eleazer Okwor-Ojwang** MBBS, FRACGP
- Dr Venkateshwar Komerelly** MBBS, FRACGP
- Dr Swetha Bandaru** MBBS, FRACGP
- Dr Adnan Rasheed** MBBS, FRACGP
- Dr Catherine Pye** MBBS, FACRRM
- Dr Christian Ezeobi** MBBS
- Dr Marcus Wilcox** MBBS
- Dr Kannan Ramanathan** MBBS
- Dr Haider Abdulrasool** MBBS
- Dr Hao Xiao** MBBS

*Practice doctors are experienced in the broad range of general practice problems and the treatment of all age groups.*

● **PRACTICE STAFF**

- Practice Manager:**  
Kim Lane
- Administration Staff:**  
Kerryn, Jess, Tina, Rebecca, Deb, Leah & Rhea
- Nursing Staff:**  
Pam, Vicki, Belinda, Crystal & Lana

● **COVID-19**

As the practice is observing social distancing we ask that you limit the number of people accompanying a patient to one other.

We also advise that telephone or video consults are preferred if you do not need to be seen in person.

● **SURGERY HOURS**

**Monday – Friday**.....8.30am – 5.30pm  
**Saturday, Sunday & Public Holidays**  
(By appointment by the doctor at *Urgent Care Centre*, Stawell Regional Health - Urgent patients only)

**All attendances at Stawell Regional Health Urgent Care Centre WILL incur an out of pocket fee of \$50.00**

● **BILLING ARRANGEMENTS**

All patients are required to pay in full at the time of appointment. Medicare refunds can be processed immediately via TYRO terminal and deposited directly back into your account. Payment can be made by cash, credit card or EFTPOS. If you would like to know more please ask to speak to our accounts team.

**Fees as of 1st July 2020:**

**Standard consult**

Private .....	\$76.00
Health Care Card Holder.....	\$65.00
Pension Card Holder.....	\$58.25

All patients under 16 and over 75 years of age will be bulk billed for appointments at Stawell Medical Centre Monday to Friday 8.30am to 5.30pm only.

After Hours fees apply to EVERYONE seen by a Doctor at Stawell Regional Health Urgent Care Centre:

**Standard consult - Regular Hours**

Saturday .....	\$88.05
Sunday.....	\$100.55

All attendances at Stawell Regional Health Urgent Care Centre WILL incur an out of pocket fee of \$50.00

● **APPOINTMENTS**

Consultation is by appointment. We have appointments available for urgent cases on the day. Please let reception staff know if you would like a longer appointment, for a medical report, TAC or Workcover form or if you have several things you wish to discuss.

**Home Visits.** These are available on request. Please speak to reception if you would like further information.

If **more than one person** from your family would like to see the doctor, please ensure that a separate appointment is made for each person otherwise they may not be seen.

**Time is valuable to all of us.** If you are **unable to attend a booked appointment**, please let the practice know at least 2 hours prior. If you **fail to attend** a booked appointment without warning or explanation you may be charged a non-attendance fee. We may not be able to offer you booked appointments in the future either.

● **SPECIAL PRACTICE NOTES**

*Stawell Medical Centres Values and Mission align with those of Stawell Regional Health;*

**Stawell Regional Health Mission**

*In partnership with our community, Stawell Regional Health will deliver high quality care and improve health outcomes by providing safe, accessible and integrated services.*

**Stawell Regional Health Vision**

*Caring for our community.*

**Despite our best intentions**, we sometimes run late! This is because someone has needed unexpected or urgent medical attention. Be assured that when it comes to your appointment, your doctor will give your consult the time that it deserves. We thank you for your understanding and consideration.



**YOUR NEXT APPOINTMENT:**

**ENJOY THIS FREE NEWSLETTER**

Please remember that decisions about medical care should be made in consultation with your health care provider so discuss with your doctor before acting on any of the information.

[www.healthnews.net.au](http://www.healthnews.net.au)



## COVID vaccination

There has of course been much media reporting about vaccination for Covid19.

There are a number of different vaccines being used around the world. No vaccine is approved for use until it has demonstrated both efficacy (that it works) and safety (that the side effects profile is acceptable). In Australia, the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA) must approve a medicine of any kind before it can be used or prescribed. Currently, two vaccines have been ordered by the Federal government, and the vaccination program has now started to roll out. There are many moving parts, so delays are always possible. It is hoped to have virtually all the population covered by the end of 2021 and maybe sooner.

The Federal government has called for

expressions of interest from general practices to be vaccine hubs. The process will be more complicated than with seasonal flu vaccination and will take longer due to extra documentation being needed and a requirement for monitoring for a time post-vaccination.

There will be stages of the rollout with quarantine and border workers, certain frontline healthcare workers and aged care staff and residents first in line.

Australia has done extraordinarily well by world standards, and so there is not the extreme urgency to start compared to, say, the UK or USA.

Clinics may choose to run dedicated vaccine clinics separate from regular appointments. Some practices may not choose to be involved, and there is no need for every clinic to do so in order to get the job done. Booking will be made centrally rather than via your clinic.

This is a fluid situation so ask your GP for guidance but also be aware that they may not have every answer and that the answers may change over time if new guidance comes in.

*EDITORS NOTE: This information was current as at the time of print.*

## Medicinal Cannabis

In early February there was much media coverage of cannabidiol (CBD) being available over the counter at chemists.

It is true that the Therapeutic Goods Administration (TGA) last year down scheduled CBD to S3 which does allow sales at chemists without prescription for up to 30 capsules of 150mg each. However, there was a caveat. The only products which will have this classification are those on the Australian Register of Therapeutic Goods (ARTG) and presently there are none. To get on the register requires expensive trials of efficacy and other data.

However in the next 12 -24 months this will happen, and products will eventually appear on chemist shelves. CBD is one of two main cannabinoids found on medicinal cannabis. The other is tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) which is the component which is psychoactive. However its use in medicinal forms, combined with CBD, can be beneficial in chronic pain and other conditions.

To end 2020 there have been over 85,000 approvals granted to prescribe medicinal cannabis for Australian patients. This is mainly for chronic pain, multiple sclerosis, anxiety,



<https://www.tga.gov.au/medicinal-cannabis-information-consumers>

and cancer pain nausea and vomiting. It can only be prescribed when other treatments have failed to assist or caused unacceptable side effects. Different states have different approval systems. Not all doctors are familiar

with its use as, yet. It is not for everyone and some claims about its benefit are without basis. However, medicinal cannabis has a legitimate role in certain people in certain circumstances.

# Pet infections

Australians have one of the highest pet ownership rates in the world. Pets provide much joy and there are many health benefits associated with pet ownership including better mental health and lower rates of high blood pressure and heart disease (especially in dog owners).

However, pets can also be a source of infections.

This mainly happens if you are bitten or scratched by a pet. Dog bites can easily be infected, so if bitten, see your GP. These are commonest in young boys and more often from pets rather than stray dogs. Cat bites are commonest in older women and most often on the hand.

Superficial wounds can be managed with cleaning and local antiseptic. Deeper or larger wounds may need a course of antibiotics.

In rare cases, if the tendon or muscles are involved, then referral to a hospital

may be needed. Other infections that may be transmitted by pets are worms. This affects children most often and is generally easily treated with worm medicine from the chemist. Fungal skin infections such as ringworm can also be caught from pets. This can be treated with an antifungal cream.

After you have handled a pet, make sure you wash your hands. This minimizes the chances of getting an infection.

For most people having a pet in their lives and their families lives far outweighs any of the above and play a very important role in society.



 <http://www.pethealth.com.au/Page/diseases-you-can-catch-from-your-pets>



 <https://www.pregnancybirthbaby.org.au/listeria-food-poisoning>

## Avoid Listeria in pregnancy

Listeria is an infection caused by a common bacterium. It occurs in the soil and water. Thus, plants and marine life can be infected as well as animals which eat plants with the bacteria.

There are around 65 cases in Australia each year, and 10% of these are in pregnant women who are at greatest risk in the third trimester.

Listeriosis increases the risk of stillbirth, low birth weight and premature labour. Symptoms can be mild or severe, with fever, headaches, vomiting and diarrhoea.

Whilst uncommon, it is important to take steps to avoid potential exposure to Listeria. Fortunately, this is not difficult and involves not eating "high risk" foods whilst pregnant. Foods to avoid are processed deli poultry meats (e.g. sliced chicken), soft cheeses (brie camembert), raw seafood (e.g. oysters), pre-made sushi,

unpasteurised juices, and soft-serve ice creams. There are plenty of foods that you can continue to enjoy whilst pregnant, including hard cheeses, smoked seafood's, hard frozen ice cream or gelato, freshly prepared sushi, pasteurised juices and hot deli meats (cooked at over 75°C).

When pregnant, it is important to maintain a balanced diet, and you may need certain supplements. Talk to your GP about any concerns you have and also about both diet and the need (if any) for supplements.

Avoiding Listeria is not difficult, and there is no need to stress over every mouthful of food you eat.

## Shin Splints

Shin splints are a common condition seen in runners and those who play sports involving running and rapid acceleration.

The exact cause is unknown but is thought to be due to repeated stress on the shinbone, and it's attaching connective tissue. It is more common in females and those with a previous leg injury and also more likely in those often running on hard or uneven surfaces.

The typical symptom is pain in the shin with running. There may be associated swelling. At first, the pain is when one starts running and eases after warm-up.

 <https://www.betterhealth.vic.gov.au/health/conditionsandtreatments/shin-splint>



As the condition advances, pain persists for longer and can even continue after ceasing exercise.

Diagnosis is based mainly on the history. There is no diagnostic test. X-rays (or

rarely an MRI scan) may be done to rule out other causes such as a stress fracture.

There is no specific treatment. Ice packs and simple painkillers provide symptom relief in the short term. Rest and avoiding activity, which worsens the pain, is key. However, you don't need to stop all exercise. Swimming or walking in water are two options to maintain fitness.

Attention to training techniques is helpful in some cases. Use of orthotics or insoles may also help, as can change of shoes. For the more serious athlete, having a biomechanical assessment of their running style may lead to technique changes, which are beneficial.



## ANZAC BISCUITS

### Ingredients

- 1 1/4 cups plain flour, sifted
- 1 cup rolled oats
- 1/2 cup caster sugar
- 3/4 cup Desiccated Coconut
- 150g unsalted butter, chopped
- 2 tablespoons golden syrup or treacle
- 1 1/2 tablespoons water
- 1/2 teaspoon Bicarbonate Soda

### Method

1. Preheat oven to 170C. Place the flour, oats, sugar and coconut in a large bowl and stir to combine.

2. In a small saucepan place the golden syrup and butter and stir over low heat until the butter has fully melted. Mix the bicarb soda with 1 1/2 tablespoons water and add to the golden syrup mixture. It will bubble whilst you are stirring together so remove from the heat.
3. Pour into the dry ingredients and mix together until fully combined. Roll tablespoonfuls of mixture into balls and place on baking trays lined with non stick baking paper, pressing down on the tops to flatten slightly.
4. Bake for 12 minutes or until golden brown.

## WORD SEARCH

A	M	I	E	I	N	F	E	C	T	I	O	N	S
N	I	E	R	U	N	I	N	G	O	T	T	C	
Y	C	N	A	N	G	E	R	P	N	B	O	N	E
E	D	E	V	A	C	C	I	N	A	T	I	O	N
S	T	N	I	L	P	S	E	S	N	V	R	Z	C
N	A	M	R	O	W	G	N	I	R	V	I	N	E
B	N	S	T	N	E	M	T	A	E	R	T	I	A
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C	N	L	A	C	I	D	E	M	F	H	I	T	G
I	S	A	I	C	C	A	N	A	L	N	I	A	I
R	A	A	A	I	O	C	C	I	I	C	N	N	E
I	E	Z	N	B	V	S	I	B	A	N	N	A	C
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BONE  
ANZAC  
SHIN  
MEDICAL  
SPLINTS  
COVID  
PREGNANCY  
INFECTIONS  
VACCINATION  
RINGWORM  
RUNNING  
TREATMENTS  
LISTERIA  
CANNABIS



**Stawell Medical Centre**  
A division of Stawell Regional Health

### ● SPECIAL PRACTICE NOTES

**SMS reminders** are sent to all registered mobile phones. Phone reminders are also available should you require this.

### **Electronic Communication.**

Although most problems are best dealt with in a consultation with your doctor, our staff are experienced in helping you decide whether the matter requires an appointment, return phone call or urgent advice.

You are able to **contact the practice by email** as well should you need to. We do advise that this is not the most secure method of communication.

We have a **recall system** in place for all test results and chronic disease management.

**Patient Health Information.** To obtain a copy of your health record or to obtain a copy of Stawell Regional Health "Protection and use of your health information" brochure or to view the Stawell Regional Health privacy policy, please ask to see our Practice Manager or Privacy Officer.

If you prefer you can contact the Health Services Commissioner Complaints and Information on; Telephone: 1300 582 113 or email: [hsc@dhhs.vic.gov.au](mailto:hsc@dhhs.vic.gov.au).

**Patient Feedback.** We welcome your feedback and invite you to fill out a "Compliment, Complaint and Feedback form". These are located near the entrance to the practice, in the reception area. You can also ask to speak to the Practice manager or your GP.

**Test Results.** Results are viewed by our doctors and acted upon in a timely manner, always with your health as a priority. Please make sure you have made an appointment with your doctor to review any results as they will not be given over the phone.

### ● SPECIALIST SERVICES

Stawell Regional Health has a large number of other Medical Services and Visiting Specialist's available. Our doctors have extensive knowledge of these and can advise you about whether a referral is appropriate and arrange for this to occur if needed.